

OVERVIEW OF BIOFUEL CERTIFICATION SCHEMES

RESISTANCE TO 'SUSTAINABILITY' CRITERIA FOR SOY



Metastandards and Schemes

Voluntary

ISO, CEN,
Roundtable Sustainable Biofuels

Legislative

RED directive
RTFO etc.



Crop Commodity schemes, for example:

FSC RSPO RTRS(draft) IFOAM Sugarcane

Initiative	Criteria or reporting	Voluntary or obligatory (legislative)
Renewable Energy Directive <u>EU</u>	* Biodiversity and GHG emissions: criteria * All social, environmental issues: Reporting ; <i>EC: "no detailed information public, no naming and shaming"</i>	Obligatory
Cramer Criteria, criteria for biomass and biofuels, <u>Netherlands</u>	HCV and GHG: criteria Rest biodiversity, environmental, social: Reporting (until 2011) * Public: once a year, non-specific information. Companies can answer: don't know. <i>"NGOs should name and shame"</i>	Obligatory
Renewable Transport Fuel Obligation (RTFO) <u>UK</u>	Reporting till 2011 * Public: monthly but no company-specific information. Companies can answer: don't know	Obligatory
Biofuel Sustainability Ordinance, <u>Germany</u>	* Biodiversity and GHG emissions: criteria * Social (food security and land use rights), environmental issues: Reporting	Obligatory
Roundtable Sustainable Palmoil	Criteria	Voluntary
Roundtable on Responsible Soy	Criteria (in development)	Voluntary
Roundtable on Sustainable Biofuels	Criteria (in development)	Voluntary
ISO Sustainable Criteria for Biofuel	To be developed	Voluntary

Initiative	Stakeholders?	Relation to RED
Renewable Energy Directive	NO	
Cramer Criteria	NO	Apply only to 5.75% target for biofuels (and to biomass), not the EU 2020 10%. As criteria would not be allowed under RED
RTFO UK	NO	Idem
BSO Germany	NO	Idem
Round table Sustainable Palm oil,	Some NGOs	None, can be accredited in the future. But unlikely to be used for RED as more criteria than RED.
Round table on Responsible Soy	Some NGOs. No small farmers, no indigenous	None, idem
Round table on Sustainable Biofuels	Hardly	None, idem
ISO Sustainable Criteria for Biofuel		None, idem

Initiative	Relevant aspects
Renewable Energy Directive	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * High Conservation Value (HCV); many exceptions * Social and environmental: <i>only reporting</i> * Bilateral deals can be made with states * Indirect land use change not tackled * Prevents Member States setting higher standards
Cramer Criteria	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * HCV * Universal Declaration of Human Rights * Free, prior and informed consent * Respect official property and customary rights
RTFO UK (19% methane environmental standard in 2009)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Environmental standard to which the feedstock has been grown * Social standard to which the feedstock has been grown * Land-use in 2005 based on IPCC guidelines
BSO Germany Meo Consulting project (still ongoing) IFEU project: ignored	<p>Biofuel quota:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Biodiversity criteria * No indirect land use, social issues, food security <p>Draft sustainability regulation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * reporting on food security and land rights
Round table Sustainable Palm oil	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * The right to use the land can be demonstrated * No new plantings are established on local peoples' land without their free, prior and informed consent, dealt with through a documented system that enables indigenous peoples, local communities and other stakeholders to express their views through their own representative institutions.
Round table on Responsible Soy (draft)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Traditional communities affected by expansion of soy bean areas are compensated for any relinquishment of rights (including traditional land use rights), subject to their free, prior, informed and documented consent. * Word 'indigenous' does not appear * Very focused on labour rights
Round table on Sustainable Biofuels (draft)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Mentions following ILO, CBD, UNFCCC, and the Universal Declaration of Human Rights * For new large scale plantations: Stakeholder engagement shall be active, engaging and participatory, enabling local, indigenous, and tribal peoples and other stakeholders to engage meaningfully. Consensus through free prior and informed consent.
ISO Sustainable Criteria for Biofuel	

ROUND TABLE ON RESPONSIBLE SOY (RTRS)

4th International declaration against RTRS (FOEI, FIAN Int., Via Campesina European Coordination, Global Forest Coalition, etc.

1. RTRS allows and encourages the expansion of soy monocultures
2. RTRS promotes GM soy as “responsible”
3. RTRS principles and criteria are too weak to protect the integrity and biodiversity of the Amazon, Cerrado, Chaco and other regions from immediate, severe, and irreversible degradation.

CAMPAIGN ON WWW.TOXICSOY.ORG

Ubicación de los módulos



Módulos Productivos

- ① San Ramón
- San Ramón + Pereira
 - Ka'avo
 - Fortuna
- ② Ybycai
- ③ La Esperanza
- La Esperanza
 - Ita Verá

○ Tierras Propias

○ Tierras Alquiladas

















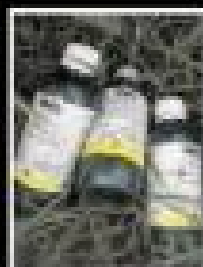
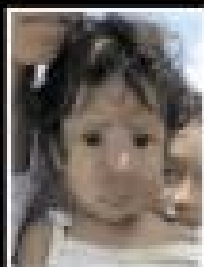


DEFENDÉ LA VIDA - PROTEGÉ LA COMUNIDAD



" Es terrorismo cuando los niños mueren a causa de los Agrotóxicos"

*Fernando Lago,
29 de setiembre 2008,
Asamblea Genl. ONU*



**EL USO DE AGROTÓXICOS CAUSA GRAVES DAÑOS A LA SALUD, INCLUSIVE LA MUERTE.
NO DEJES QUE TE FUMIGUEN. ORGANIZATE CON TUS VECINOS Y DENUNCIA.
CONTACTA TU ORGANIZACIÓN LOCAL:**

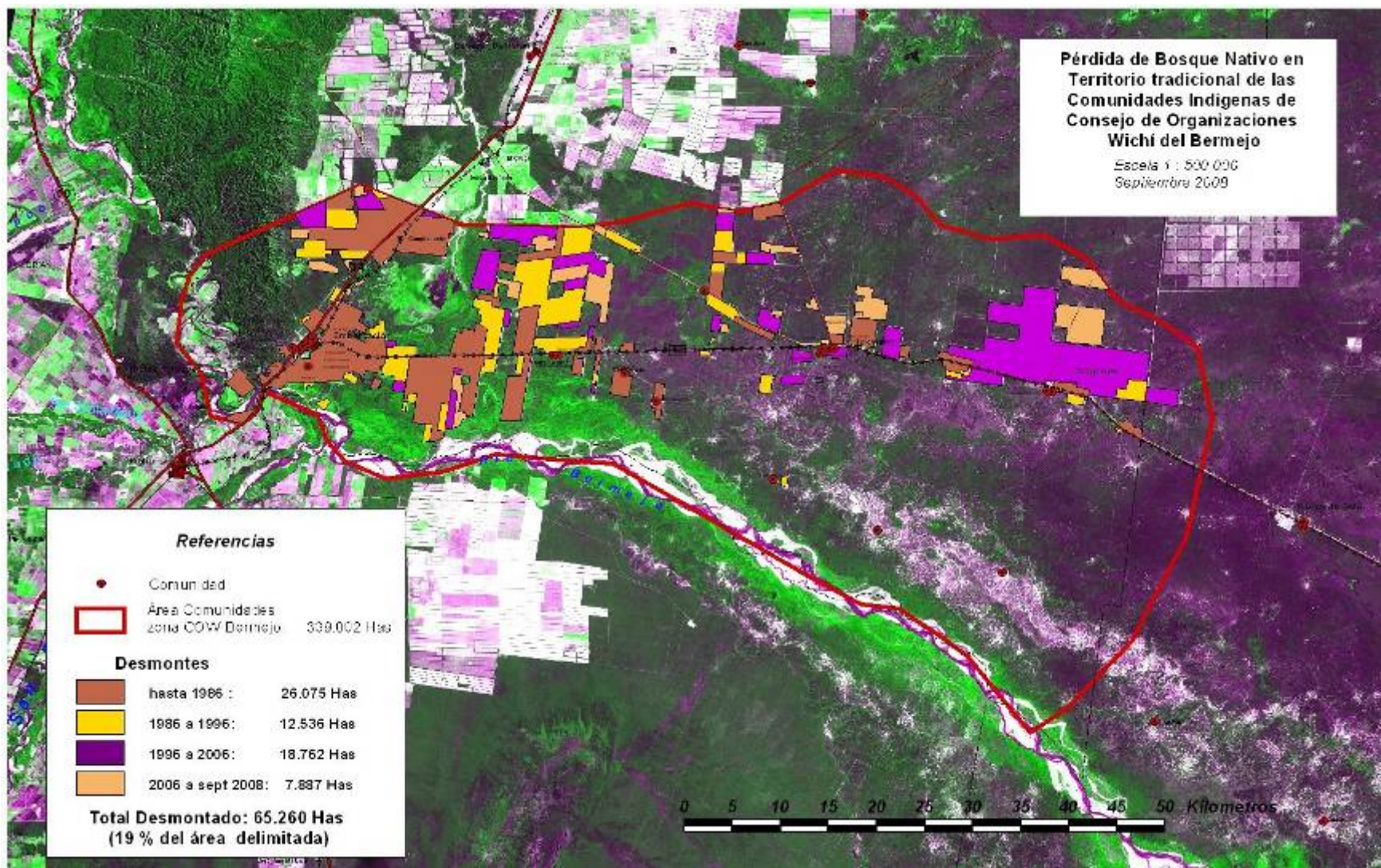






**Pérdida de Bosque Nativo en
Territorio tradicional de las
Comunidades Indígenas de
Consejo de Organizaciones
Wichi del Bermejo**

Escala 1 : 500 000
Septiembre 2009



Referencias

- Comunidad
- ▭ Área Comunidades zona COW Bermejo 339.002 Has

Desmontes

- ▭ hasta 1986 : 26.075 Has
- ▭ 1986 a 1996: 12.536 Has
- ▭ 1996 a 2006: 18.762 Has
- ▭ 2006 a sept 2008: 7.897 Has

**Total Desmontado: 65.260 Has
(19 % del área delimitada)**



